# Signs of child abuse and neglect

# **Sexual Abuse**

Sexual abuse involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities including non-contact activities.

#### **Key features**

There are few physical signs, more likely to be emotional and behavioural factors.

- Aggression
- Withdrawn
- Self harming, including eating disorders
- Drawings of sexually explicit behaviours
- Promiscuity/ precociousness
- Inappropriate sexualised conduct
- · Sexually explicit behaviour
- Reluctance to remove clothing for swimming or PE

Sexual abuse can be very difficult to recognise and reporting sexual abuse can be an extremely traumatic experience for a child. Whilst there is often a focus on 'stranger danger', studies indicate that over 90% of cases involve a known adult.

The internet has increased the risk of non-contact sexual abuse and children and parents must be alert to these dangers when online.

# Neglect

Neglect is the failure to meet a child's physical and or psychological needs.

### **Key features**

- Persistently hungry
- Inadequate clothing for the child's size, weather or time of year
- Underweight for age
- Frequent school absences
- Poor health
- Emotionally needy



# **High Risk Factors**

- Families with complex needs
- Parental substance use
- Poor parental mental health
- Parents with learning difficulties
- Children with disabilities
- Families with past history of childhood abuse

# **Physical Abuse**

Physical abuse involves any action that causes physical harm to a child including fabricating the symptoms of or deliberately inducing illnesses.

### **Key features**

- Bruising of various ages
- Bite marks
- Burns and scalds
- Fractures in non- mobile children
- Injuries in unusual areas or with well-defined edges
- Old injuries or scars
- Refusal to discuss injuries
- Inconsistent explanations
- Talk of punishment which seems excessive
- Arms and legs kept covered
- Reluctance to remove clothing for swimming or PE
- The parents are uninterested or undisturbed by an accident or injury

# **Further Information**

The statutory guidance for schools is set out in the following documents:

Keeping Children Safe in Education (2018)

Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018)

# **Emotional Abuse**

Emotional abuse is the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child.

#### **Key features**

- Development delay.
- Abnormal attachment to parent/ carer.
- . Low self-esteem.
- Lack of confidence.
- Inappropriate emotional response.

To book Safeguarding CPD or Consultancy, visit our website at: www.safeguardingsinschools.co.uk or telephone 01223 929269